

# <u>GasApps Australia P/L</u> <u>Spacecontroller</u> MK4



# <u>Manual</u>

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#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The MK4 Spacecontroller (Figure 1) is suitable for the dispensing of BOC Gases Envirosols products. These products include Insectigas, Pestigas, Deodourgas, and Bactigas. Other dispensing systems i.e. the Multitimer MKII system c/w solenoid valves can be used to dispense Pestigas, Deodourgas, and Bactigas (NOT INSECTIGAS). The Spacecontroller is typically used to dispense Pestigas in warehouses and food processing plants etc.

The MK4 Spacecontroller system remains the only FAIL SAFE system available for automatic dispensing of Envirosols. More specifically it is the only BOC Gases approved dispensing equipment for use with Insectigas. The system achieves this by completely eliminating the use of solenoid valves and prevents a direct connection between the spray nozzles and supply cylinders. This System is mandatory for all automatic spraying of Insectigas. It is also mandatory for the dispensing of Pestigas when two or more supply cylinders are connected.





#### **SINGLE CHANNEL TIME CLOCK**

In addition, the system makes use of a single channel digital time clock (T1), which has a 3-year backup battery. This single channel digital time clock can be programmed to release gas at specific times. For example the fumigation cycle can be programmed to release gas on a Sunday morning at 1:00am while the factory or warehouse is shutdown or closed for the weekend. The controller simply fills a dose cylinder and then dumps the contents of that cylinder through a fixed piped nozzle system installed in the building. Different capacity dose cylinders can be connected to the unit which in turn will dispense different amounts of gas. The larger the dose cylinder the greater amount of gas will be dispensed.

#### THREE WAY BALL VALVE

A three way ball valve is at the heart of the Spacecontroller MK4 coupled to an electric actuator, which is controlled by an electronic weekly time clock (T1) within a control panel. The ball valve rotates through a 180° and will only stop at either the (**F**) or (**S**) position.

Port One of the ball value is connected to the inlet manifold, which in turn is connected to the supply cylinders via flexible hoses. Port Two the centre-common-port is connected to an inverted dose cylinder sized to provide the correct dose of liquid Envirosol for the spray application. Port three of the ball value is connected to the nozzle pipe-work installed in the factory or warehouse.

#### **ELECTRIC ACTUATOR**

The electric actuator rotates the ball valve and stops at either the Fill or Spray positions.

The normal position of the ball valve is such that the dose cylinder is open to the spray nozzle(s). This is referred to as the (**S**) for spray or home position.

The electric actuator is controlled by a digital time clock (T1), which is programmed to (**F**) fill and (**S**) spray at the appropriate times. This important advantage makes it impossible to discharge the total contents of the supply cylinders in one operation through to the nozzle system. Unlike a typical solenoid valve, the three way ball valve can't jam open or stop in a halfway position causing the contents of the supply cylinder(s) to be dumped.

When an Envirosol Fill and Spray cycle is triggered by the time clock (T1), the actuator rotates the ball valve spindle 180° to the (**F**) fill position which allows the Envirosol to decant fill from the supply cylinders into the inverted dose cylinder. The (**F**) fill time can be varied by the time clock (T1). The minimum (**F**) fill time is 1min. When the (**F**) fill time is complete the actuator will rotate the valve a further 180°



and stop at the (S) spray position, which will then release the contents of the dose cylinder into the spray delivery line and onto the nozzles.

While in the (**F**) fill position the dose cylinder will decant fill to half its volume in Kg. For example: A 10L dose cylinder will decant fill to a maximum of 5Kg. Smaller amounts of liquid can be achieved by reducing the dose/fill time and or by inserting a restrictor (#736648) into the line between the valve and the manifold.

#### NOZZLE SYSTEM

When the contents of the dose cylinder is released to the spray nozzle system, the liquid will be sprayed first, followed by almost pure gaseous carbon dioxide, which serves to purge the spray lines and nozzles of any remaining chemical. The weight of the carbon dioxide gas purge is approximately 15% of the dose and is in addition to the dose.

This system can provide doses ranging from as little as 50 grams at very frequent intervals to 20 kg at daily or weekly intervals. If more than 20 kg is required, double dosing should be considered.

#### SYSTEM FEATURES INCLUDE

- Dual 7-Day electronic time clocks, one for the Valve/Actuator (T1) and one for the Strobe Lamp(s) (T2).
- Provides a completely flexible system, which can be programmed to spray on a daily or weekly basis.
- 240V/10A plug-in power supply with 12VDC internal electric actuator & controls.
- Audible alarm installed will sound for the full duration of the dose filling period. This provides a warning to all people that the system is about to fire off and release gas.
- The Stainless Steel control panel fitted with a strobe lamp that will activate for the full duration of the dispensing cycle, which is approximately 4.5 hours. There is also a provision to hook up external strobe lamp(s).
- An internal 6-Digit counter which will increment one count with each cycle.
- Maximum manifold capacity for 6 supply cylinders.
- The Manifold is fitted with a 90um internal stainless steel sintered filter.
- An access valve/port at the bottom of the manifold. This can be used to pressurise the system for leak testing and to drain off any excess pressure when required.
- The stainless steel enclosure 400 x 400 x 200 and has four wall mounting brackets, 360w x 460h.
- An ON/OFF switch and two lamps mounted on the front door.
- The left RED lamp illuminates during dose cylinder filling.
- The right GREEN lamp illuminates during dose cylinder dispensing/spraying. The green lamp also indicates the valve home position.
- An OFF/ON switch to isolate power.



Figure 3

#### **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**





Figure 4

#### **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

#### **IMPORTANT**

It is essential that all Envirosol installations are carried out by BOC or GasApps approved installers.

#### **MOUNTING THE SPACECONTROLLER AT CUSTOMER PREMISES**

The MK4 Spacecontroller is a weatherproof system. However, it is recommended that the system be installed undercover and in a well ventilated security enclosure.

Spacecontrollers installed indoors must be well-ventilated and the supply cylinders should NOT be located inside enclosed areas where people work and or congregate. Dangerous levels of carbon dioxide (CO2) can build up if a gas leak were to occur when equipment and gas cylinders are installed inside enclosed areas.

All Envirosol supply cylinders and the dose cylinder must be located out of direct sunlight and away from other sources of heat to ensure that the temperature of equipment and cylinders do not exceed +45°C, otherwise, the design pressures of equipment may be exceeded.



Figure 5

The Spacecontroller panel should be mounted in a vertically upright position approximately shoulder height using the four mounting brackets provided in the back of the enclosure. The four mounting-hole centres are 360W x 460H, use 8mm bolts.

#### **DOSE CYLINDERS**

Small dose cylinders (up to size D) can be mounted directly onto the side of the Spacecontroller control panel (Drawings 3,4,5), however large dose cylinders (size E and greater) need to be separately wall mounted (See Drawing 6). Large dose cylinders should be installed as close as possible to the Spacecontroller panel. All dose cylinders need to be mounted in an inverted orientation where the cylinder neck and fittings are at the bottom.

#### POWER SUPPLY

The Spacecontroller system is supplied with a 10 AMP 240V power lead 2m Lg with plug-top. This will need to be plugged into a 220-240VAC 10AMP, 50-60 Hz power-outlet socket.

#### **STROBE LAMPS**

Additional external blue strobe lamp(s) #737186 can be connected to the Red and Black connection posts on the bottom of the control box. This is a 12VDC output controlled by the Strobe Time Clock (T2) and is capable of supplying up to 1 AMP. The blue external strobe lamp(s) will operate at the same time as the inbuilt blue strobe lamp. Additional strobe lamps should be installed over building entry doors to warn personnel of fumigation in progress.



#### PIPE LAYOUT AND CONNECTION

It is essential that all pipe-work be connected and supported correctly (As per Drawing 8). All pipe-work should be blown out with liquid CO2 to remove any loose material prior to final connection avoiding the risk of nozzle blockages.

The left hand 1/4" bulkhead tube fitting on the panel is connected to the inverted dose cylinder, sized to provide the correct dose of liquid Envirosol for the spray application.

The right hand 1/4" bulkhead tube fitting on the panel is connected to the pipe-work, which supplies the spray nozzle(s). (See Drawing 7)

#### CONNECTING ALUMINIUM TUBE TO COMPRESSION FITTINGS

Attention should be taken when connecting the aluminium tube to twin ferrule compression fittings. The fitter should ensure that the tube is inserted into the assembly fitting until it bottoms against the inside shoulder of the fitting.

The nut should then be tightened by hand and with the use of a correct sized spanner tightened clockwise a further 1-1/4 turns. After completion all fittings should be leak tested with soapy water. Care should be taken around electrical components.



Fully insert the tube into the fitting and against the inside shoulder; rotate the nut until finger-tight.



2. Mark the nut at the 6 oclock position.

Figure 7



While holding the fitting body steady, tighten the nut one and one-quarter turns to the 9 o'clock position.

| Envirosols | Brass where<br>atmospheric<br>moisture is not<br>present | Stainless Steel<br>Grades 316&<br>304 | Aluminium<br>1/4 or 3/8 | Copper | P.T.F.E&<br>Kel-F    |
|------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|----------------------|
| Pestigas   | Fitting and valves                                       | Fitting, valves<br>and tubing         | Tubing                  | Tubing | Sealing<br>materials |
| Insectigas | Fitting and valves                                       | Can cause pitting                     | Tubing                  | х      | Sealing<br>materials |
| Bactigas   | Fitting and valves                                       | Fitting, valves<br>and tubing         | Tubing Tubing           |        | Sealing<br>materials |
| Deodourgas | Fitting and valves                                       | Fitting, valves<br>and tubing         | Tubing                  | Tubing | Sealing<br>materials |

#### MATERIALS

#### Table 1

#### **PIPE THREADS AND SEALING**

Due to the large number of imported valves and fittings using NPT threads, all Spacecontroller threads are NPT, and as far as possible all other pipe threads used for Envirosol systems should be NPT. Locktite 569 or Teflon tape should be used for sealing of all tapered pipe threads.

#### PRECAUTIONS AGAINST OVER TIGHTENING OF DOSE CYLINDER NECK FITTING

When fitting adaptors to cylinder necks, a torque wrench must be used to apply the correct torque, which is as follows:

- Stainless Steel Cylinders with 1/4" N.P.T. Neck Thread: The minimum and target torque is 47 Nm (35 lb ft) and maximum allowable torque is 54 Nm (40 lb ft)
- Aluminium Cylinders -Tapered Thread: The minimum and target torque is 115 Nm (85 lb ft) and maximum allowable torque is 135 Nm (100 lb ft)
- Aluminium Cylinders -Parallel Thread; The minimum and target torque is 85 Nm (63 lb ft) and maximum allowable torque is 100 Nm (74 lb ft)

Rubber vice jaws should be used to grip the cylinder and avoid surface damage. P.T.F.E. tape should be used as the thread sealing material on all tapered threads.



#### METHOD OF DETERMINING DOSE CYLINDER SIZE

Below (Table 2) gives information in regards to dose cylinders when used with Spacecontroller installations. The method of obtaining the dose is included.

In addition to this table, repeat cycles can be used to achieve a required dose. A Spacecontroller can be programmed to spray two or three times in quick succession and the interval between spraying is dependent on dose size.

A 1kg dose can be repeated 15 minutes after the initial spray. However, 40 minutes should be the minimum interval between the first and second spray of a 20kg dose. This period is necessary to allow the temperature of the dose cylinder to return to ambient.

In table 2 the period required to fill a C or D dose cylinder has been extended to approximately the same period as for the E or G cylinder. This has been done by fitting a restrictor at the manifold of the Spacecontroller MK4 used with a C or D cylinder.

As shown in the table below, varying fill times will vary the dose quantity for cylinders, which take two minutes or more to fill. If reduced doses are required with a C or D cylinder then a restrictor part #736648 should be inserted into the ¼" Aluminum tube between the ball valve and manifold.

| Dose Size<br>(kg) | Dose Cylinder Size           | Dose Period (min)    |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| 0.035             | 75cc Whitey Stainless Steel  | 1                    |  |  |
| 0.07              | 150cc Whitey Stainless Steel | 1                    |  |  |
| 0.14              | 300cc Whitey Stainless Steel | 1                    |  |  |
| 0.23              | 500cc Whitey Stainless Steel | 1                    |  |  |
| 0.3               | Luxfer A Aluminium Cylinder  | 1                    |  |  |
| 0.8               | 1.75L WC Aluminium Cylinder  | 1                    |  |  |
| 1.0               | C Aluminium Cylinder         | 1                    |  |  |
| 1.4               | C Aluminium Cylinder         | 3 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 1.4               | C Aluminum Cymider           | 1 with NO restrictor |  |  |
| 1.3               | D Aluminium Cylinder         | 1 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 2.5               | D Aluminium Cylinder         | 2 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 2.6               | D. Aluminium Culinder        | 3 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 5.0               | D Aluminum Cymider           | 1 with NO restrictor |  |  |
| 4.2               | D Aluminium Cylinder         | 4 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 16                | D. Aluminium Cylinder        | 5 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 4.0               | D Aluminum Cymaei            | 1 with NO restrictor |  |  |
| 4.0               | E Aluminium Cylinder         | 1 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 7.0               | E Aluminium Cylinder         | 1 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 9.2               | E Aluminium Cylinder         | 4 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 9.9               | E Aluminium Cylinder         | 4 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 10.0              | E Aluminium Cylinder         | 5 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 6.0               | G Aluminium Cylinder         | 1 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 10.0              | G Aluminium Cylinder         | 2 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 13.5              | G Aluminium Cylinder         | 3 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 17.5              | G Aluminium Cylinder         | 5 With Restrictor    |  |  |
| 20.0              | G Aluminium Cylinder         | 8 With Restrictor    |  |  |

#### Table 2

#### METHOD OF DETERMINING DOSE REQUIRED:

The dose required is determined by the volume of the building and the product used. The larger the building the greater the dose.

The recommended dose for Pestigas is 150g per 300 cubic meters (ie. 0.5g per cubic meter). The recommended dose for Insectigas is 200g per 300 cubic meters (ie. 0.66g per cubic meter).

For example:

A building with a volume of  $40m \ge 60m \ge 10m = 24000m^3$ . Then multiply  $24000m^3 \ge 0.5g/m^3$  you will get 12000g which is equal to 12kgs of Pestigas.

For the same sized building we multiply 24000m<sup>3</sup> x 0.66g/m<sup>3</sup> to get 15840g which equals 15.8kgs of Insectigas.

| Dose Cylinder<br>Size | GasApps<br>Part<br>Number | Dose Capacity<br>(Kg) | Water<br>Capacity | Max Warehouse Volume  |                          |  |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|
|                       |                           |                       | (Litres)          | Pestigas<br>(0.5g/m3) | Insectigas<br>(0.66g/m3) |  |
| С                     | 737422                    | 1.4                   | 2.8               | 2840                  | 2152                     |  |
| D                     | 737362                    | 4.8                   | 9.5               | 9500                  | 7197                     |  |
| E                     | 737360                    | 11.9                  | 23.8              | 23800                 | 18030                    |  |
| F                     | 737361                    | 17.2                  | 34.3              | 34300                 | 25985                    |  |
| G                     | 737473                    | 24                    | 48                | 48000                 | 36364                    |  |

<u>Table 3</u>

#### **COMMISSIONING A NEW INSTALLATION**

#### **NOZZLE DELIVERY LINE LEAK TESTING**

This checks the nozzle delivery line and all associated fittings for gas leaks.

- Disconnect the aluminium nozzle line from the lower right hand side of the Spacecontroller.
- Then connect the nozzle delivery line using a test hose & gauge to a CO2 cylinder.
- Remove the spray nozzles and replace with blanking plugs.
- Now turn on the CO2 cylinder for 10 seconds. The gauge should show cylinder pressure of about 55 BAR
- This will pressurise the nozzle delivery line and all associated fittings.
- All fittings and connections should be checked for leaks with soapy water.
- During this time check the pressure gauge for any pressure loss.
- Following satisfactory testing, depressurise the nozzle delivery line until the pressure gauge reads zero.
- Check that all nozzles are clear, clean and in good condition before replacing them.
- Re-connect the spray delivery line to the lower right hand side of the Spacecontroller.

#### **BALL VALVE FILL AND SPRAY POSITIONS**







Valve in SPRAY Position

Drawing 1

#### **CONNECT AND LEAK TEST CYLINDER CONNECTIONS**

- Connect a liquid withdrawal CO2 cylinder to the Service Access Needle Valve on the bottom of the hex manifold using a test hose & gauge.
- Connect up the required number of supply cylinders. Do <u>NOT</u> open any cylinder valves yet (Supply or CO2).
- The ball valve must be in the **S** spray position before turning on the CO2 cylinder; the letter **S** on the valve coupling indicates this.
- The ball valve can be rotated by pressing the "1" button on the Valve Time Clock multiple times until the FIX 10FF symbol appears on the clock.
- The power needs to be connected for the valve to rotate.
- Once the value is in the **S** position turn ON the CO2 cylinder and open the service access value to pressurise the hoses and manifold and check for gas leaks with soapy water.
- Now press the "1" button three (3) times on the Valve Time Clock until the FIX ON1 symbol appears.
- This will rotate the valve to the **F** fill position and the dose cylinder will start filling.
- •After two minuets check the does cylinder tube and fittings to the control panel for leaks using soapy water. Turn OFF the CO2 cylinder.
- Now press the 1 button once on the Valve Time Clock until the FIX 1OFF symbol appears. This will rotate the valve to the **S** position and discharge the contents of the dose cylinder through the nozzle system.
- Inspect the nozzle system including all tube fittings for leaks at this time. This process can be repeated multiple times until the complete system has been leak tested.

Be sure to depressurise the system before disconnecting the CO2 cylinder. This can be done by turning off the CO2 cylinder and pressing the 1 button a number of times rotating the valve until all the CO2 pressure has been released.



Figure 9

#### **INTRODUCTION**

There are two identical weekly time clocks fitted into the Spacecontroller MK4

- T1 Controls the Actuator Valve.
- T2 Controls the Strobe Lamps.

The seven-day single channel timer is capable of storing Seventy different programme times, ie. 70 **ON/OFF** switches. These programmes can be set to run on any individual day or any combinations of days within a week. The time clock includes four buttons on the front panel. The LCD displays 12 or 24hr Time, Day Number of the week, Switch status ie. ON or OFF, Auto, FIX ON, FIX OFF Modes.

#### **DISPLAY AND FUNCTION KEYS**

Switch-off commands have a higher priority than switch-on commands.

The central line of the display, in which the adjusted values and selected menu items are displayed larger. Flashing means that an entry is required. If you do not enter anything within two minutes, the timer switches back to automatic operation.

MAINSOFF appears on the display when the device is not supplied with power.

**LOW BATT** appears on the display when a battery change is required within the next two weeks.

The programs are retained after a reset, although you will need to readjust date and time. Press all 4 buttons at the same time to reset the device.

#### **DISPLAY**

- A Function displays of the two left keys
- B Switching state displays (ON/OFF/OVR/FIX)
- C 3 display lines
- D Weekdays, The assignment can be changed in the DATETIME menu, for example to
  - 1 = Sunday, Default setting 1 = Monday
- E Programmed switching times
- F Radio antenna
- G Display of summer/winter time
- H Function displays of the two right keys

#### **KEY INTERFACES**

- I Right Keys
- J Left keys with manual switch function in automatic mode

#### FUNCTION DISPLAYS OF THE TWO LEFT KEYS:

Scroll upwards in the menu, Scroll downwards in the menu

Accept selection/proposal

+Brief key press = +1 / long key press (about 2 sec) = fast forward

-Brief key press = -1 / long key press (about 2 sec) = fast forward







#### FUNCTION DISPLAYS OF THE TWO RIGHT KEYS:

MENU Leaves Automatic mode and enters Programming mode

- ESC Brief key press = one step backward, Long key press (about 2 sec) = Back to Automatic mode
- Make a selection and accept OK
- EDT Change programs in "Read mode"
- Do not execute command NO
- YES Execute command
- DEL Delete

#### **MENU STRUCTURE**

LANGUAGE MENU

This diagram shows the menu structure layout of the time clock. The menu screen can be accessed by pressing any button. Press either right key once and then press the  $\triangle \nabla$  keys to access each parameter.



#### Select menu language



ОК

ОК

OK

OK

HOUR

MINUTE

TIME ZONE

5

Set date and time MENU **(** 

DATE TIME

YEAR

MONTH

DAY

DAY <sup>3</sup>

# **<u>SETTING CLOCK TIME</u>** (EG, THURSDAY, 13/7/2017, 17:22)

Select the language parameter and press OK. This

allows you to select your preferred language by

pressing the  $\triangle \bigtriangledown$  keys, when satisfied press OK.

Press the right button > PROGRAM

Note: English is the default language.

- Press the left/UP △ button once > DATE TIME
- Press the OK/Right button > eg 2017:07:22
- YEAR is Flashing, Press +/- to select the correct YEAR & then press OK > eg 2017
- MONTH is Flashing, Press +/- to select the correct MONTH & then press OK > eg 2017:07
- DAY is Flashing, Press +/- to select the correct DAY & then press OK > eg 2017:07:13
- DAY number of week is Flashing, Press +/- to select the DAY number & then press OK > 4
- HOUR is Flashing, Press +/- to select the correct HOUR & then press OK > eg 17:00
- MINUTE is Flashing, Press +/- to select the correct MINUTE & then press OK > eg 17:22
- GMT is flashing, Press +/- to select the correct HOUR & then press OK > eg +10:00
- Press ESC to return to the main screen

#### DELETE OLD PROGRAMS

All previous programmes should be deleted to avoid any confusion between old and new programs. To clear all existing programs. Press.. MENU > PROGRAM, OK > DELETE, OK > DELETE ALL, YES > CONFIRM, YES >ESC > ESC.

To confirm that all program locations are free Press ... > MENU > PROGRAM, OK > REVIEW, OK > ALL, OK > NO PROGRAMS (is displayed for 1s) >ALL, ESC > NEW, ESC > PROGRAM, ESC

#### **TYPICAL SPACECONTROLLER PROGRAM**

Its always a good idea to first write out the correct four times on paper and then programme both time clocks to agree with those times. The list should then be attached to the inside of the Spacecontroller door which will be useful for future programming checking or modifying. See the sample time chart below. Always turn OFF all gas cylinders before attempting to set or adjust the weekly time clock. It's important to insure that the program is running correctly before gas is turned ON.

A typical program might look like this...

Strobe Time Clock ON at 12:30am Sunday (Strobe lamps ON)

Valve Time Clock ON at 1:00am Sunday (Valve ON, 30mins after the strobe lamps start, & dose starts filling)

Valve Time Clock OFF at 1:05am Sunday (Valve OFF, after 5mins, dose stops filling & nozzles start spraying)

Strobe Time Clock OFF at 5:05am Sunday (4 hours after gas spraying, ie lock out time)





8. Enter minutes (+/-) àOK

#### OFF command:

- 9. When prompted, select desired days  $\Delta$  and confirm by pressing ü à  $\mathbf{OK}$
- 10. Enter hour (+/-) à**OK**
- 11. Enter minutes (+/-) à**OK**

| Sample time     |           |            |             |            |
|-----------------|-----------|------------|-------------|------------|
| <u>chart</u>    | Strobe ON | Valve Fill | Valve Spray | Strobe OFF |
| T1 Valve Clock  |           | 1:00am     | 1:05am      |            |
| T2 Strobe Clock | 12:30am   |            |             | 5:05am     |

<u>Table 4</u>

#### PROGRAMS CAN BE VIEWED AND EDITED BY PRESSING

>MENU > PROGRAM, OK > UP ARROW > REVIEW, OK > ALL, OK

Use the up and down arrows to toggle through and view all program steps



#### TIME CLOCK MODES

The time clocks can operate in four different modes which can be selected by the **1** key on the left hand side. The four modes are as follows...

- **FIX ON**... This means that the relay output is **ON** permanently and ignores any programmed time switches. The Actuator/Valve will rotate to and stop at the **F** fill position.
- **FIX OFF**... This means that the relay output is **OFF** permanently and ignores any programmed time switches. The Actuator/Valve will rotate to and stop at the **S** spray position.
- OVR... The Override function (temporary program overwrite) allows the user to switch the relay
  ON or OFF early depending on the current channel status. The Override function applies only to the current program and remains active until the next program change. After that, the timer returns to Automatic mode.
- AUTO... In Automatic mode the pre-programmed times determine when the time clock relay switches **ON** and **OFF**. This could also be the referred to normal operating mode.



Manual switch: Duration ON / Duration OFF / OVR / Automatic mode
 Left button = channel 1

6 12 18 24

15:26

ESC OK

FIX OVR

Press 1x = FIX ON = Duration ON Press 2x = FIX OFF = Duration OFF Press 3x = OVR = Override mode Press 4x = Automatic mode

#### Override mode

The Override function (temporary program overwrite) allows the user to switch ON or OFF early. This depends on the current channel status. The Override function applies only to the current program and remains active until the next program change. After that, the timer returns to Automatic mode.

#### BATTERY BACKUP

Both timers have 70 memory locations and a 3-year backup battery (CR2450) which can be replaced easily when a **LOW BATT** symbol appears on the screen.

The internal backup battery is capable of backing up the time, date and switching programs for a period of up to 3 years after an initial charge of 70 hours. The Spacecontroller unit will not operate without 240VAC power.

#### **DAYLIGHT SAVING**

The clocks have an automatic daylight saving capability. This is also called summer time and winter time and can be set to automatic **AUTO** or off **NO**.

#### Battery change

Before changing the battery, the device must be disconnected from the power supply! Date and time will be lost!

- 1. Lift the battery compartment using a screwdriver.
- 2. Take the battery out of the support.
- Insert new (Lithium battery type CR2032) battery into support.
- Observe polarity of the battery!
- Push battery support downward until it engages.
- 5. Dispos
  - Dispose of the battery in an environmentally friendly manner.





#### **SAFETY AND HOUSEKEEPING:**

#### **INTRODUCTION:**

BOC is a supplier of a wide range of pure gases and gas mixtures. All gases supplied by BOC are safe to handle and use provided the correct procedures are adopted and appropriate equipment and facilities are available. It is of paramount importance to ensure that personnel using gases and handling container are adequately trained.

In order to use gases safely it is essential that the properties of the gases are fully understood, the cylinders are safely store, are handled an used with the correct equipment, and that personnel handling them are trained and fully aware of the possible hazards.

This Safety Section of the manual is intended to give basic guidance for users of the BOC gases on the properties of gases, their safety storage, handling and use. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for the gases and gas mixtures supplied by BOC are also available.

#### DANGEROUS GOODS:

All gases are Class 2. The most common hazard is the pressure under which a gas is contained. Class 2 is divided into three sub-classes to give an idea of the chemical hazard:

- 1. Flammable Gas (Red diamond)
- 2. Non-flammable Gas (Green Diamond)
- 3. Poisonous Gas (White Diamond)

#### PRESSURE:

Envirosol cylinders are pressurised and would be typically about 50 Bar at 15°C. However the pressure does increase considerably to as much as 100 Bar during hot weather. Due to this high pressure all pipes, hoses, seals and fittings have the potential to leak.

Care should be taken while replacing and/or connecting Envirosol cylinders

- Check the condition of all sealing washers and replace when necessary, we recommend PEEK washers #736736
- When connecting cylinder hoses, don't over tighten the cylinder nut
- Slowly open the cylinder valve
- Check for gas leaks with soapy water
- Always secure and strap gas cylinders
- Use/store/transport gas in well ventilated surroundings. Ventilation prevents leaking gases from building up to hazardous concentrations.

#### **TOXICITY:**

Poisonous gases react adversely with people. They usually enter through the lungs but some may also be adsorbed through the skin

The precautions to be taken when working with toxic gases are:

- Wear protective clothing including Gloves, Goggles, Safety Boots, full cover overalls etc
- Leak check system with inert gas before connecting Envirosol gases.
- Provide good local ventilation or mechanical extraction.
- Consider atmospheric monitoring and alarm.
- Assure breathing quality air for normal operations and emergencies
- Have on hand MSDS and Emergency Equipment

#### FLAMMABILITY:

All Envirosol gases and non-flammable.

#### **PERSONNEL:**

Personnel who enter storage area must be:

- Responsible and trained to maintain the gas store and its contents in a safe manner.
- Trained to identify the contents of different gas containers and know their potential hazards.
- Trained in the operation and use of the safety and emergency equipment provided (Example; fire extinguishers, breathing apparatus etc.).

#### **IDENTIFICATION OF GAS CYLINDER CONTENTS:**

WARNING: If the contents of a BOC gas cylinder cannot be positively identified, the cylinder should not be used and the local BOC branch notified. Never use an unidentified cylinder and always assume the worst. e.g. It is flammable and poisonous.

There are 5 different physical features that you can look for in order to identify what gas is inside a cylinder. These are:

- Gas name identification usually located on the shoulder of the cylinder. This identifies the product by its correct technical name and classification.
- United Nations Number (UN No.) Appears near the gas name on all cylinders. This identifies either the exact product or the general classification of the product.
- Colour Code Is the colour of the cylinder. This identifies if the product is a mixture of gases or a pure gas.
- Class Diamond-Hazard Identification Exists on all cylinders either as part of the gas name label or as a separate diamond. This identifies the overall hazard of the contained contents.
- BOC Gas Code & Cylinder Size/Contents Appears on the gas name labels on all BOC filled cylinders. This identifies the gas product and the grade of gas.

| Name       | UN   | Valve<br>Outlet | Cas<br>Code | Size          | DG  | Colour                               |
|------------|------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| Pestigas   | 1968 | TYPE 42         | 196         | G 31kg, D 6Kg | 2.2 | Green/Grey<br>Moss Green Shoulder    |
| Insectigas | 1967 | TYPE 40         | 188         | G 31kg, D 6Kg | 2.3 | Green/Grey<br>Golden Yellow Shoulder |

#### Envirosol Gases used with Spacecontrollers

#### Table 5

#### **SAFETY AND HOUSEKEEPING:**

#### SAFE STORAGE:

Gas Cylinder stores must be:

- In Compliance with statutory state requirements E.g. NSW or Victorian Dangerous Goods Act for storage and Handling.
- Constructed of fire retardant material and have firm, level floor, preferably concrete.
- Away from protected works and thoroughfares.
- Well ventilated and preferably provided with basic weather protection.
- Free from fire risk. Away from sources of artificial heat and ignition sources.
- Free from contamination (Dust, fumes, spray, chemicals).
- Designated as a 'no smoking', 'no naked flame' area.
- Clearly marked as a gas store with appropriate hazard diamond signs E.g. Poison, non-flammable compressed ect.
- Preferably clearly marked with HAZCHEM labelling. In some states this is mandatory i.e. Victoria and WA.
- Kept Clean with clear access, restricted to authorised personnel.
- Provided with appropriate safety/emergency equipment (E.g. fire extinguisher, breathing apparatus, local hosepipe or in large quantities and firehose reel, suitable personal protective clothing).
- Fenced off to secure against unauthorised entry.

#### **STORAGE OPERATION:**

Cylinders in storage must be:

- Stood upright (except dose cylinder) and properly secured to prevent toppling over to protect cylinder valve from damage and ingress of dirt.
- Kept with supplied valve protection cap or guard or gas tight valve outlet cap/plug securely in place.
- Segregated in the storage area according to the various categories (E.g. Flammable, non-flammable etc.).
- Segregated in the storage area according to content (i.e. full/empty).
- Managed to ensure that the oldest stock is used first.
- Checked periodically for general condition, leaks etc.

#### SAFE HANDLING:

Personnel who regularly move/handle gas cylinders must be provided with:

- Stout gloves (E.g. Leather).
- Protective footwear (E.g. steel cap shoes).
- Trolley, barrow or other suitably designed device for transporting cylinders. There should be provisions for securing during moving (E.g. with a chain).
- Also eye protection (safety glasses), ear protection (ear plugs) and general full cover overalls are recommended.

#### HANDLING TECHNIQUES:

Personnel should be trained in the following key points:

- Remember the mass of the cylinder (Up to 100kgs).
- Always check that cylinder valves are OFF and valve caps and guards are in place before moving.
- To be aware of trapping fingers between cylinders whilst they are being moved.
- When it is necessary to lift heavy cylinders manually to seek help and observe the correct lifting posture.
- To use a trolley or other suitable device for the transportation of heavy cylinders, even for a short distance and to ensure the cylinder is secured.

#### ACCESSORIES:

730002 Spigot Pestigas/Insectigas 1/4" 730004 Brass Nut Pestigas [Type 42] 730005 Brass Nut Insectigas [Type 40] 730006 Envirosol Hose 2m x 5/32" ID 730008 Cylinder Securing Strap 730012 Brass Male Connector 1/4" BSPP x 1/4" BSPT 730020 Nozzle 1/8" NPT (6g/s) 730024 Tubefit Nozzle Adapter 730025 Nozzle Fixed System (9g/s) 730026 Nozzle Block c/w Bolts 730034 1/4" Aluminium Tube 30m Lg 730036 1/4" Aluminium Tube 100m Lg 730037 1/4" OD x 1.2 WT Aluminium Tube (per m) 736459 Brass Hex Manifold Block 6 Point 736460 90 Micron S'Steel Filter Element 736461 Filter Element Retaining Spring 736588 Envirosol Hose 1/4"OD x 610mm Lg 736638 Space Control Module MK4 736648 Restrictor 1.0mm 736676 Pestigas Nut & Spigot 736677 Insectigas Nut & Spigot 736710 Dose Cylinder Adaptor C 736711 Dose Cylinder Adaptor D,E & G 736715 Dose Cylinder Mounting Bracket C 736716 Dose Cylinder Mounting Bracket D 736717 Dose Cylinder Mounting Bracket E & F 736718 Dose Cylinder Mounting Bracket G 736719 Brass Union Tee 1/4" 736720 Brass Tube Union 1/4" 736722 Brass Female Connector 1/4" x 1/8" NPT 736723 Brass Back and Front Ferrule 1/4" (Pack 10 Set) 736724 Valve Nozzle Core 736725 Nozzle Block Mounting Bracket 736736 Spigot Sealing Washer - PEEK 736867 Spigot to Cylinder Nylon Washer RG134 736890 Spigot Filter RB38 736891 Spigot Filter Retaining Screw RB39 736899 Light Series 1/4" Pipe Clamp Single Hole (Pack of 20) 737014 Co2 Cylinder Nut - Type 30 737078 Brass Needle Valve 1/4" NPT Male, Kel-F 737082 Hex Manifold Wall Mounting Bracket 737106 1/4" BSPT Brass Plug 737107 Spring Retaining Bush 3/4" x 1/4" 737138 Brass Male Connector 1/4" BSPP/60° x 1/4" OD Tube 737162 Brass Double Seated Union 1/4" BSP/60 x 1/4" BSP/60 737186 Strobe Lamp Blue, 12/24VDC, IP65

#### ACCESSORIES:

- 737212 Brass Bulkhead Female Connector 1/4Tube x 1/4"NPT 737213 Brass Male Branch Tee 1/4" x 1/4"NPT 737369 Brass Union Elbow 1/4" Tube 737373 CO2 Nut Spigot & Washer - Type 30 737382 Pestigas Nut, Spigot & PEEK Washer [No Filter] 737383 Insectigas Nut, Spigot & PEEK Washer [No Filter] 737385 Brass Union Tee 3/8" 737394 Brass Tube Reducer 3/8" Tube to 1/4" Stub 737395 Brass Tube Reducer 1/4" Tube to 3/8" Stub 737399 Light Series 3/8" Pipe Clamp Single Hole (Pack of 20) 737422 New "C" Size Dose Cylinder Aluminium, 5/8" BSPP [2.8L WC, 1.4kg Dose] 737453 "40" Series 3 Way S'Steel Ball Valve 1/4 (Low Temp, Drilled & Pinned) 737502 Brass Tube Union 3/8" 737518 New "G" Size Dose Cylinder Steel 737519 New "B" Size Dose Cylinder Aluminium, [1.8L WC, 0.9kg Dose] 737520 Dose Cylinder Mounting Bracket B 737531 Nozzle Block Port Plug 5/16" UNEF 737577 Brass Connector 1/4" BSPP/60° x 1/4" BSPP/60° 737593 4-Nozzle Block Assembly [730025x4, 730026, 736725, 737287] 737607 Brass Bulkhead Union 1/4" Tube 737627 1/4" SwageLok, 0.020" x 120mm Capillary Nozzle, 2.0g/s 737629 Brass Union Elbow 3/8" Tube 737635 Spacecontroller MKIII 24VDC Actuator/Valve 1/4" 737638 Dose Cylinder Adaptor (Parallel Thread) D,E & G c/w Teflon Washer 737639 Brass Bulkhead Union 3/8" Tube 737640 S'Steel Bulkhead Retainer - 3/8" 737642 Dose Cylinder (Parallel Thread) D,E & G Teflon Washer
- 737646 Grasslin Digital Weekly Timer, 1 CO, 70MEM, 240VAC



# **Spacecontroller Overall Dimensions** and Mounting Details

**DRAWING 3:** 



Small Size Dose Cylinder Mounted Directly onto the Left Side of the Spacecontroller



## Inverted "C" Size Dose Cylinder Mounted Directly onto the Left Side of the Spacecontroller



## Inverted "D" Size Dose Cylinder Mounted Directly onto the Left Side of the Spacecontroller



### Inverted "E", "F" & "G" Size Dose Cylinders Wall Mounted on Left Side of the Spacecontroller

#### **DRAWING 7:**



### **Spacecontroller Various Options**

# WARRANTY

GasApps Australia Pty Ltd warrants the design of the MK4 Spacecontroller System for a period of 12 months from the date of invoice. GasApps will not accept any liability whatsoever for any alterations or modifications, made to any part of the equipment supplied, without written and signed authorisation from GasApps Australia Pty Ltd. This Manual is supplied for the guidance of installers and operators to enable them to install and operate the equipment in accordance with its design specifications. The long-term operation of the components and the unit as a whole depends highly on maintenance proceedures and gas quality. This is solely dependent on the operator or buyer. GasApps Australia Pty Ltd will not accept any liability for equipment failure due to poor quality gas and lack of maintenance. Installation of electrical and gas connections must be made in accordance with BOC and GasApps specifications. GasApps Australia Pty Ltd accepts no liability whatsoever for the consequences of any actions by persons other than GAA employees, which are not in accordance with the procedures set out in this Manual.

